

Polity MCQ:

Q1. In India, how many times has the president declared Financial Emergency?

- (a) Once
- (b) Never
- (c) Thrice
- (d) Twice

Ans: b

Q2. Who was the First Speaker of the Lok Sabha?

- (a) Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy
- (b) Hukum Singh
- (c) Ganesh Vasudev Mavlankar
- (d) K.S. Hegde

Ans: c

Q3. Who is the only second Vice-President of India to get a second consecutive term after S. Radhakrishnan?

- (a) K.R. Narayanan
- (b) B.S. Shekhawat
- (c) M.H. Ansari
- (d) Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma

Ans: c

Q4. Who was the first woman chief minister of India?

- (a) Basanti Devi
- (b) Sucheta Kriplani
- (c) Sarojini Naidu
- (d) None of these

Ans: b

Q5. Who administers the oath of office to the President?

- (a) Chief Justice of India
- (b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (c) Vice-President
- (d) Prime Minister

Ans: a

Q6. Money Bills originate in the State Legislative Assembly on the recommendation of

- (a) the Governor
- (b) the Chief Minister
- (c) the Finance Minister
- (d) the Speaker

Ans: a

Q7. Who is the highest Law Officer of a State?

- (a) Solicitor General
- (b) Secretary General, Law Department
- (c) Attorney General
- (d) Advocate General

Ans: d

Q8. The maximum time a person can continue to be the minister of the State Government without being a member the state legislature _____.

- (a) One year
- (b) Three months
- (c) Six months
- (d) No time limit

Ans: c

Q9. The Council of Ministers in a State is collectively responsible to

- (a) the Governor
- (b) the Chief Minister
- (c) the President of India
- (d) the Legislative Assembly

Ans: d

Q10. Who is the chief advisor to the Governor?

- (a) Chief Justice of Indian Supreme Court
- (b) Chief Minister
- (c) Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- (d) President

Ans: b

Q11. Postal voting is otherwise called:

- (a) plural voting
- (b) proxy voting
- (c) weighted voting
- (d) secret voting

Ans: b

Q12. Right to vote is mentioned in the parts of the Constitution relating to

- (a) Fundamental Rights
- (b) Union Legislature
- (c) State Legislature
- (d) Election

Ans: d

Q13. For which period the Finance Commission is formed?

- (a) 2 years
- (b) Every year
- (c) 5 years
- (d) According to the wishes of President

Ans: c

Q14. Who finally approves the draft Five-Year-Plan?

- (a) Planning Commission
- (b) President
- (c) National Development Council
- (d) Parliament and State Legislatures

Ans: c

Q15. When was the Public Service Commission, the original version of the U.P.S.C. set up?

- (a) 1st October, 1926
- (b) 1st April, 1937
- (c) 15th August, 1947
- (d) 26th January, 1950

Ans: a

Q16. Writs are issued by

- (a) Supreme Court
- (b) High Courts
- (c) The President
- (d) Supreme Court and High Courts

Ans: d

Q17. In Indian Constitution fundamental rights were taken from the Constitution of

- (a) USA
- (b) UK
- (c) USSR
- (d) None of these

Ans: a

Q18. How liberty can be limited?

- (a) By Rule
- (b) By Law
- (c) By Authority
- (d) By Equality

Ans: b

Q19. To which category right to vote belongs?

- (a) Human Rights
- (b) Civil Rights
- (c) Natural Rights
- (d) Political Rights

Ans: d

Q20. Which one of the following chapters in the Indian Constitution guarantees Fundamental Rights to the people?

- (a) Part II

- (b) Part I
 - (c) Part IV
 - (d) Part III
- Ans: d

Q21. The directive principles incorporated in the Indian Constitution have been inspired by the constitution of

- (a) Australia
- (b) Ireland
- (c) USA
- (d) Canada

Ans: b

Q22. How many times was the term of the Lok Sabha extended upto 6 years?

- (a) Once
- (b) Twice
- (c) Thrice
- (d) Never

Ans: a

Q23. The number of subjects in the Union List of the Indian Constitution is

- (a) 47
- (b) 66
- (c) 97
- (d) 100

Ans: c

Q24. Which innovative discussion process is introduced by the Indian parliament to the World Parliamentary systems?

- (a) Question hour
- (b) Zero hour
- (c) Resolutions
- (d) Presidential Speech

Ans: b

Q25. For the election of President of India, a citizen should have completed the age of

- (a) 25 years
- (b) 30 years
- (c) 35 years
- (d) 18 years

Ans: c

Q26. Who decides a 'bill' is a money bill?

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) Speaker of Lok-Sabha
- (c) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
- (d) President

Ans: b

Q27. How many members are nominated by the President to Rajya Sabha?

- (a) 2
- (b) 12
- (c) 15
- (d) 20

Ans: b

Q13. In which House, is the Presiding Officer, not a member of that House?

- (a) Lok Sabha
- (b) Rajya Sabha
- (c) Vidhan Sabha
- (d) Vidhan Parishad

Ans: b

Q14. How many members can be nominated to both the Houses of the Parliament by the President?

- (a) 16
- (b) 10
- (c) 14
- (d) 4

Ans: c

Q15. The Vice-President is:

- (a) A member of Lok Sabha
- (b) A member of Rajya Sabha
- (c) A member of either House
- (d) Not a member of the Parliament

Ans: d