

Polity Q&A – 1st August 2017

Q1. Rashtrapati Bhawan was designed by

- (a) Edward Stone
- (b) Le Corbusier
- (c) Edwin Lutyens
- (d) Tarun Dutt

Ans.(c)

Q2. Minimum age required to contest for Presidentship is?

- (a) 23 years
- (b) 21 years
- (c) 35 years
- (d) 30 years

Ans.(c)

Q3. Who was the first woman Chief Minister of a State?

- (a) Sarojini Naidu
- (b) Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit
- (c) Sucheta Kripalani
- (d) Jayalalithaa

Ans.(c)

Q4. Who was the first women Ambassador from India?

- (a) Sarojini Naidu
- (b) Aruna Asaf Ali
- (c) Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit
- (d) C.B.Muthamma

Ans.(c)

Q5. Who said that “Oh! Disrespectable democracy! I love you!”?

- (a) G.B. Shaw
- (b) Carpenter
- (c) Lord Bryce
- (d) Appa Doria

Ans.(a)

Q6. The Finance Commission in India is appointed by

- (a) Prime Minister of India
- (b) President of India
- (c) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
- (d) Speaker of Lok Sabha

Ans.(b)

Q7. The term of office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India is—

- (a) 3 years

- (b) 4 years
 - (c) 5 years
 - (d) 6 years
- Ans.(d)

Q8. Comptroller and Auditor General of India is appointed by the

- (a) Prime Minister
 - (b) President
 - (c) Finance Minister
 - (d) Lok Sabha
- Ans.(b)

Q9. Which was the first state to go to polls under the Delimitation?

- (a) Tamil Nadu
 - (b) Andhra Pradesh
 - (c) Kerala
 - (d) Karnataka
- Ans.(d)

Q10. Bureaucracy literally means a system of government by _____.

- (a) Elected representative
- (b) Nominated representative
- (c) Officials
- (d) Group of landlords

Ans.(c)

Q11. The writ of 'Habeas Corpus' is issued in the event of

- (a) Loss of property
- (b) Refund of excess taxes
- (c) Wrongful police detention
- (d) Violation of the freedom of speech

Ans.(c)

Q12. No person can be employed in factories or mines unless he is above the age of

- (a) 12 years
- (b) 14 years
- (c) 18 years
- (d) 20 years

Ans.(b)

Q13. What is the minimum age prescribed in India for its citizens to cast their vote?

- (a) 18 years
- (b) 21 years
- (c) 16 years
- (d) 20 years

Ans.(a)

Q14. In India, the right to property is now recognized as

- (a) a fundamental right
- (b) a legal right
- (c) a natural right
- (d) a political right

Ans.(b)

Q15. "Not to destroy the Government property" is a

- (a) Positive duty
- (b) Legal duty
- (c) Civil duty
- (d) Negative duty

Ans.(c)

Q16. The First Election Commissioner of India was

- (a) S.P. Sen Verma
- (b) Dr. Nagendra Singh
- (c) K.V.K. Sundram
- (d) Sukumar Sen

Ans.(d)

Q17. Who is the Chairman of Planning Commission?

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Finance Minister
- (d) Vice-President

Ans.(b)

Q18. The responsibility of preparation of electoral roll in India rests with the:

- (a) Parliament
- (b) Local Administration
- (c) Election Commission
- (d) Returning Officer

Ans.(c)

Q19. What is the period of appointment of the comptroller and Auditor-General of India?

- (a) 6 years
- (b) Up to 65 years of age
- (c) 6 years or 65 years of age whichever is earlier
- (d) Up to 64 years of age

Ans.(c)

Q20. In which country Financial Legislation is introduced in the Upper House of the Legislature?

- (a) Australia
- (b) France
- (c) Japan

(d) Germany

Ans.(d)

Q21. Who decides a 'bill' is a money bill?

(a) Prime Minister

(b) Speaker of Lok-Sabha

(c) Chairman of Rajya Sabha

(d) President

Ans.(b)

Q22. The concept of Concurrent List in Indian Constitution is borrowed from the Constitution of

(a) Japan

(b) Canada

(c) Australia

(d) U.S.A.

Ans.(c)

Q23. The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to the

(a) President

(b) Prime Minister

(c) Lok Sabha

(d) Rajya Sabha

Ans.(c)

Q24. In which year was the "House of the People" named as "Lok Sabha"?

(a) 1954

(b) 1964

(c) 1974

(d) 1984

Ans.(a)

Q25. Which of the following is not associated with Parliament?

(a) Prorogue

(b) Adjournment

(c) Dissolve

(d) Dismiss

Ans.(d)

Q26. Can a person who is not a Member of Parliament be appointed as a minister'?

(a) No

(b) Yes

(c) Yes, provided the Parliament approves of such an appointment.

(d) Yes, But he has to become a Member of Parliament within six months of his appointment.

Ans.(d)

Q27. Implementing laws is the function of

- (a) Executive
- (b) Legislature
- (c) Judiciary
- (d) Cabinet

Ans.(a)

Q28. The Joint Session of both the Houses of Parliament is summoned by

- (a) Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- (b) President
- (c) Prime Minister
- (d) Chairman of Rajya Sabha

Ans.(b)

Q29. Which item out of the following is contained in the concurrent list?

- (a) Trade Unions
- (b) Agriculture
- (c) Tolls
- (d) Markets and Fairs

Ans.(a)

Q30. Indian Constitution has divided the powers and function of the state into

- (a) two lists
- (b) three lists
- (c) four lists
- (d) five lists

Ans.(b)

