

History MCQ:

Q1. Who is the author of the book 'Glimpses of World History' ?

- (a) Abul Kalam Azad
- (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) S. Gopalan
- (d) S. Radhakrishnan

Ans.(b)

Q2. The original name of Swami DayanandaSaraswati was

- (a) Abhi Shankar
- (b) Gowri Shankar
- (c) Daya Shankar
- (d) Mula Shankar

Ans.(d)

Q3. The 'Doctrine of Lapse' was first applied to the Princely State of

- (a) Satara
- (b) Jhansi
- (c) Oudh
- (d) Jaunpur

Ans.(a)

Q4. Satyagraha finds expression in

- (a) Sudden outbursts of violence
- (b) Armed conflicts
- (c) Non-cooperation
- (d) Communal riots

Ans.(c)

Q5. In which of the following years, 26th January was celebrated as an independence day?

- (a) 1930
- (b) 1929
- (c) 1942
- (d) 1946

Ans.(a)

Q6. Who spoke : "At the stroke of midnight, when the world sleeps, India awakes to life and freedom"?

- (a) NetajiSubhas Chandra Bose
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (d) C. Rajagopalachari

Ans.(c)

Q7. The former princely state Nahan is part of which State now?

- (a) Punjab

- (b) Haryana
 - (c) Uttarakhand
 - (d) Himachal Pradesh
- Ans.(d)

Q8. The Quit India Movement was launched in 1942 in the month of

- (a) January
 - (b) March
 - (c) August
 - (d) December
- Ans.(c)

Q9. Which one of the following personalities is known as 'Grand Old Man of India'?

- (a) BalGangadharTilak
 - (b) DadabhaiNaoroji
 - (c) Motilal Nehru
 - (d) LalaLajpatRai
- Ans.(b)

Q10. Who is rightly called the "Father of Local Self Government" in India?

- (a) Lord Mayo
 - (b) Lord Ripon
 - (c) Lord Curzon
 - (d) Lord Clive
- Ans.(b)

Q11. India attained 'Dominion Status' on

- (a) 15th January, 1947
 - (b) 15th August, 1947
 - (c) 15th August, 1950
 - (d) 15th October, 1947
- Ans.(b)

Q12. The First Viceroy & Governor-General of British India was

- (a) Lord Dalhousie
 - (b) Sir John Lawrence
 - (c) Warren Hastings
 - (d) Lord Canning
- Ans.(d)

Q13. When did the British make English the medium of instruction in India?

- (a) 1813
 - (b) 1833
 - (c) 1835
 - (d) 1844
- Ans.(c)

Q14. During whose Veceroyship did the High Courts come into existence at the three presidential cities of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay?

- (a) Warren Hastings
- (b) Lord Cornwallis
- (c) John Lawrence
- (d) Lord Dalhousie

Ans.(c)

Q15. The Kuka movement started in mid-Nineteenth century in

- (a) Western Punjab
- (b) Maharashtra
- (c) Bengal
- (d) Madhya Bharat

Ans.(a)

Q16. Who among the following was the first Mughal ruler to adopt the custom of Tuladan?

- (a) Humayun
- (b) Akbar
- (c) Jahangir
- (d) Shahjahan

Ans: a

Q17. Who among the following had joined Akbar's Din-i-Ilahi?

- (a) Birbal
- (b) Bhagwan Das
- (c) Man Singh
- (d) Surjan Rai

Ans: a

Q18. Who was the founder president of 'Harijan Sevak Sangh'?

- (a) Mahadev Desai
- (b) Ghanshyam Das Birla
- (c) B.R. Ambedkar
- (d) Amritlal Thakkar

Ans: b

Q19. Who was the president of first session of Indian National Congress?

- (a) Mahadev Desai
- (b) W.C. Bonnerjee
- (c) B.R. Ambedkar
- (d) Amritlal Thakkar

Ans: b

Q20. Ram Mohan Roy was given the title of Raja by

- (a) Lord William Bentinck
- (b) Akbar II

- (c) Followers of Brahma Samaj
 - (d) Intellectuals opposing the custom of Sati
- Ans: b

Q21. The leading light of the Renaissance Movement in India was

- (a) Devendra Nath Tagore
- (b) Keshav Chandra Sen
- (c) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
- (d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy

Ans: d

Q22. Who among the following died while playing Chaugan?

- (a) Iltutmish
- (b) Alauddin Khilji
- (c) Mohammad Tughlaq
- (d) Qutubuddin Aibak

Ans: d

Q23. Who is known as the Parrot of India?

- (a) Abul Fazl
- (b) Raskhan
- (c) Amir Khusro
- (d) Mirabai

Ans: c

Q24. Who was the author of Buddha Charita?

- (a) Asvaghosha
- (b) Nagarjuna
- (c) Nagasen
- (d) Vasumitra

Ans: a

Q25. The first sermon of Buddha made at Saranath is called

- (a) Dharmachakra Pravartana
- (b) Dharma Sansthapan
- (c) Dharma Sabha
- (d) Maha Parinirvan

Ans: a

Q26. Who was the founder of Maratha dynasty?

- (a) Shahu
- (b) Shivaji
- (c) Rajaram
- (d) Balaji Vishwanath

Ans: b

Q27. Jaziya was reimposed during the reign of

- (a) Akbar
- (b) Jahangir
- (c) Aurangzeb
- (d) Shahjahan

Ans: c

Q28. The first dynasty of the Vijayanagar Kingdom was

- (a) Hoyasala
- (b) Sangama
- (c) Saluva
- (d) Tuluva

Ans: b

Q29. Gita Govinda was written by

- (a) Jayant
- (b) Jayadeva
- (c) Jayasimha
- (d) Jayachandra

Ans: b

Q30. Buland Darwaza at Fatehpur Sikri was built by Akbar to commemorate his victory over which province?

- (a) Sindh
- (b) Punjab
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Mewar

Ans: c